MARLHILL COPSE

THE ANIMALS OF MARLHILL COPSE

Marlhill Copse supports a wealth of wildife - you may be lucky enough to see a number of species as you walk through the Copse.

Given its urban setting, the copse possesses unusually diverse habitats within a small area.

Ongoing management of the woodland is designed to deliver maximum benefit for woodland wildlife associated with coppicing and open habitat, whilst avoiding damaging the rare and fragile wildlife associated with deadwood rich and mature woodland.







Common frog (Rana temporania)



Grass snake (Natrix natrix)



Slow worm (Anguis fragilis)



Kingfisher (Alcedo atthis)



Eyed ladybird (Anatis ocellata)



Badger (Meles meles)



Tawny owl (Strix aluco)



Goldcrest (Regulus regulus)



Stag beetle (Lucanus cervus)



Roe deer (Capreolus capreolus)



Willow tit (Poecile montanus)



Tree creeper (Certhia familiaris)



Common pipistrelle (Pipistrellus pipistrellus)



Great spotted woodpecker (Dendrocopos major)



Common lizard (Zootoca vivipara)

FUTURE MANAGEMENT

Management of the woodland will focus on increasing its diversity and ecological value for the benefit of the occupying wildlife.

Perpetuating the woodland's benefits for future generations will be achieved through a programme of selective felling and thinning of trees throughout, together with a programme of coppicing, restoration and widening of existing rides and the removal of the invasive non-native species.

However, it is recognised that the exotic introduced plants contribute to the site's visual amenity interest and are part of the historical evolution of the site.

A phased reduction and control of further spread of invasive species will enhance the site's current biodiversity value and retain the links to its history.